Land Use Information



Land Use Classifications

- Residential
- Agricultural
- Commercial
- Industrial
- Mixed Use

Future Land Use Classifications

Existing Facilities

- 1. Transportation
- 2. Sewer & Water Service

Areas (SWSA)

3. Community Facilities

Physical Characteristics

- 1. Mountains (Topography)
- 2. Rivers (Drainage Patterns)
- 3. Historical Structures/Lands
- 4. Good Agricultural Soils
- 5. Population

Defining Land Use Classifications Examples

Residential

- Provides largest strain on infrastructure
- Monitor Density of lots/homes
- Non-Compatible Uses need to be buffered (Figure 1)
- Performance Standards

Business & Industrial

- Locate near existing highway interchanges (Figure 2)
- Industries should locate along rail and existing major roadways
- Business Corridors (Figure 3)
- Smaller scale businesses should adhere to less stringent ordinances

Rural Areas

- Develop growth tools to manage sprawl into these areas
- Development should occur in areas environmentally suitable for housing

Screens

Typical





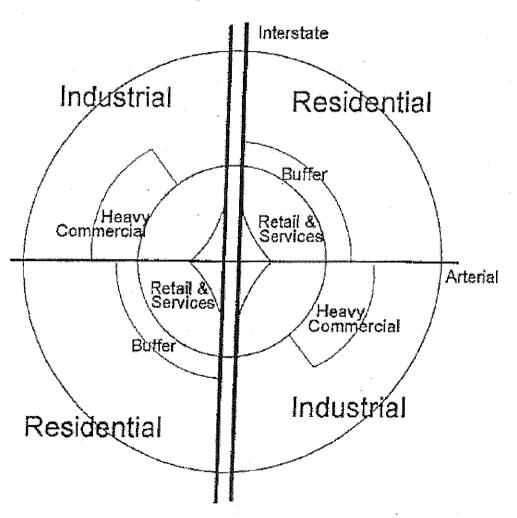




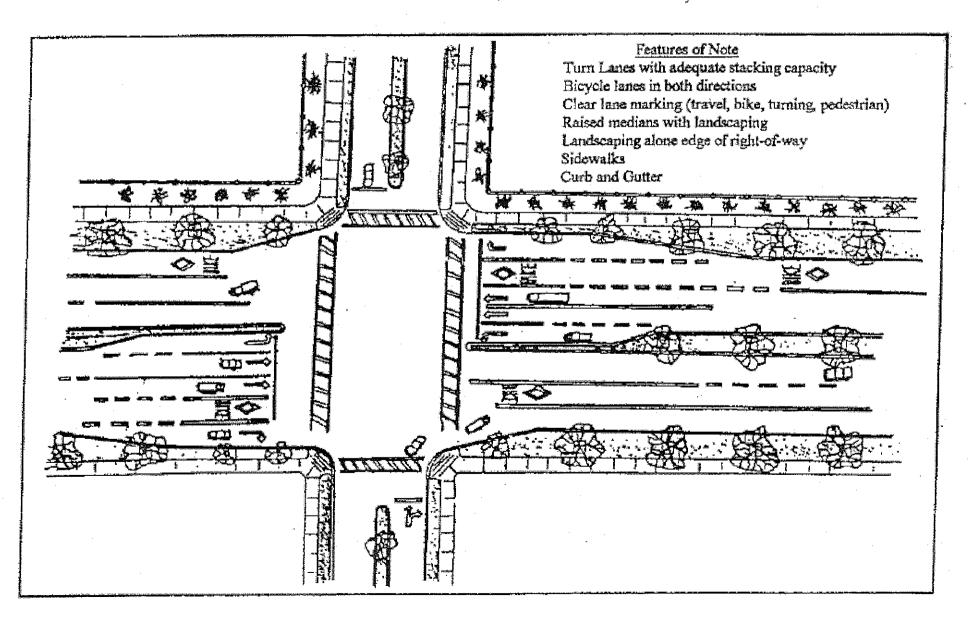


Preferred

Idealized Interchange Development Pattern



Business Corridor



Implementation Examples

Residential

- Check the number of lots each year (Annual Report)
- Check densities of lots created ==> Cost
 Analysis
- Performance Standards
 - Building Setbacks
 - Types of dwellings
 - Open Space provided

Implementation Examples cont'd

- Business & Industrial
 - Develop Land Use Plans (Specific Areas of the County)...Attention to detail
 - Standards developed for each Business corridor
 - Allow neighborhood uses

Implementation Examples cont'd

Rural Areas

- Insure adequate sewage disposal
- Rural businesses are developed in conformance with urban businesses
- Significant modifications to the existing terrain should be avoided

Rezoning Process

- Compatibility
 - Adjoining Land Uses
 - Size of lot / Proposed Use (Intensity of use)
 - Existing Issues (i.e. transportation)
- Site Visit
- Proffers (must be voluntary)
 - Cash
 - Uses
- Staff Conclusions

Special Use Permits

- Same principles as Rezoning
- Instead of Proffers ==> Conditions on the S.U.P.
- A S.U.P. conditions can be used to tailor the use to be compatible with the area.
 - Conditions can be more restrictive than Zoning Ordinance provisions.

